

Kansas Public Policy Forum

Welcome

*Special thanks for additional support from the
REACH Healthcare Foundation*

Presented by:



United Community Services
of Johnson County



Community
Health Council
of Wyandotte County



United Way of
Greater Kansas City

Improving Health Equity in Johnson & Wyandotte Counties

Social Determinants of Health

Note: Years of public health research indicates that 50% of what creates your health outcomes can be attributed to social and economic factors, and your surrounding environment. These are called social determinants of health.

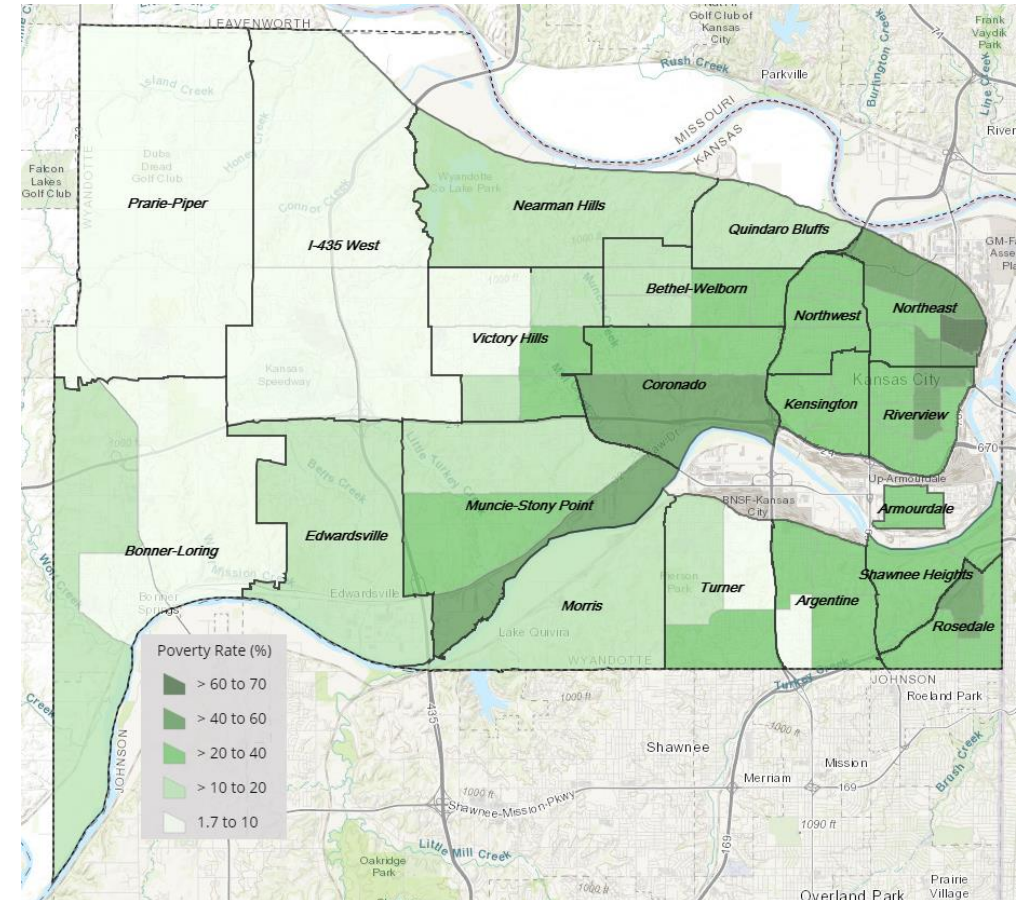
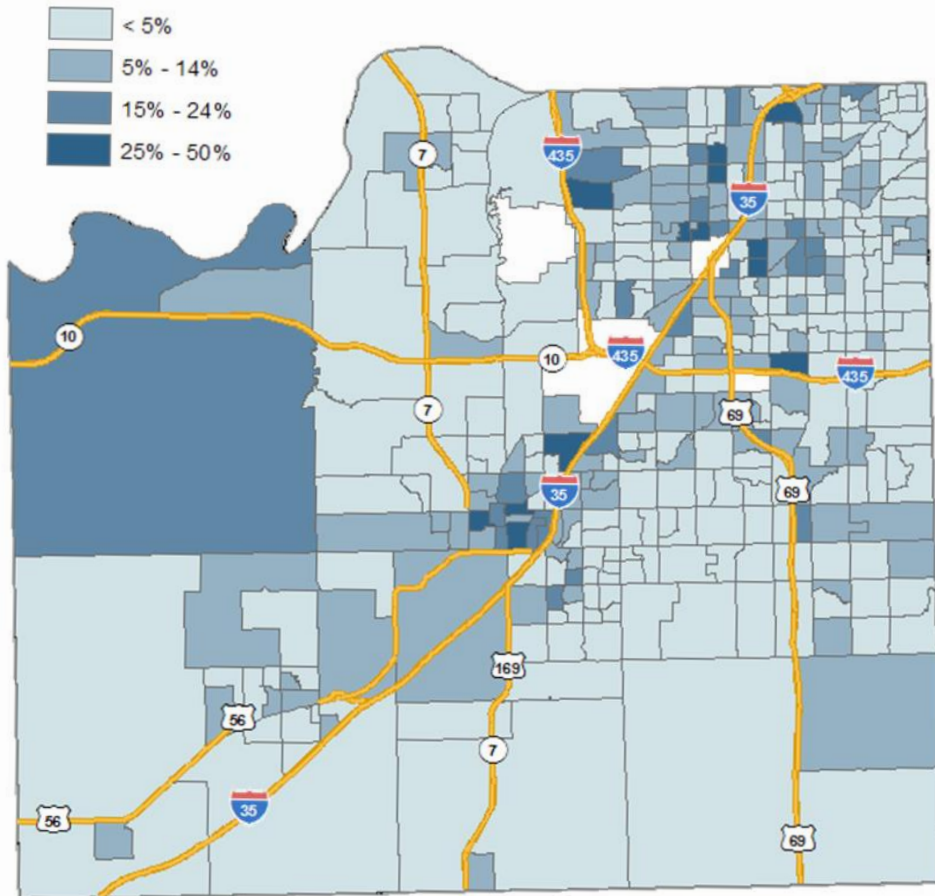
Economic Stability	Neighborhood and Physical Environment	Education	Food	Community and Social Context	Health Care System
Employment	Housing	Literacy	Hunger	Social integration	Health coverage
Income	Transportation	Language	Access to healthy options	Support systems	Provider availability
Expenses	Safety	Early childhood education		Community engagement	Provider linguistic and cultural competency
Debt	Parks	Vocational training		Discrimination	Quality of care
Medical bills	Playgrounds	Higher education			
Support	Walkability				

Health Outcomes

Mortality, Morbidity, Life Expectancy, Health Care Expenditures, Health Status, Functional Limitations

Note: Health equity means that everyone has a fair and just opportunity to be as healthy as possible. This requires removing obstacles to health such as poverty, discrimination, and their consequences, including powerlessness and lack of access to good jobs with fair pay, quality education and housing, safe environments, and health care.

Poverty in Johnson & Wyandotte Counties



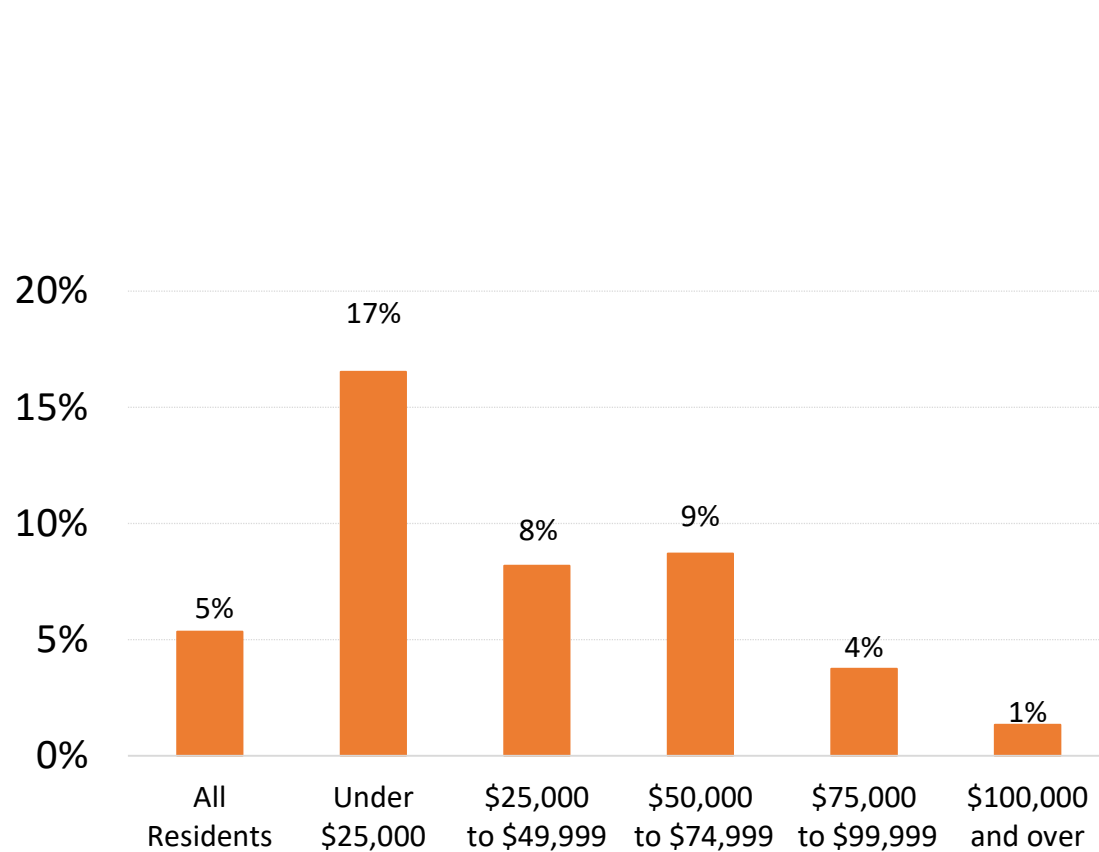
	Extreme Poverty: <50%		Poverty: 100% FPL		Low-Income 200% FPL	
	# of Persons	Rate	# of Persons	Rate	# of Persons	Rate
Johnson Co.	16,335	2.8%	32,437	5.6%	93,605	16.2%
Wyandotte Co.	14,168	8.7%	30,865	19.0%	76,507	47.2%

Sources: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey 2011-2015 and 2016

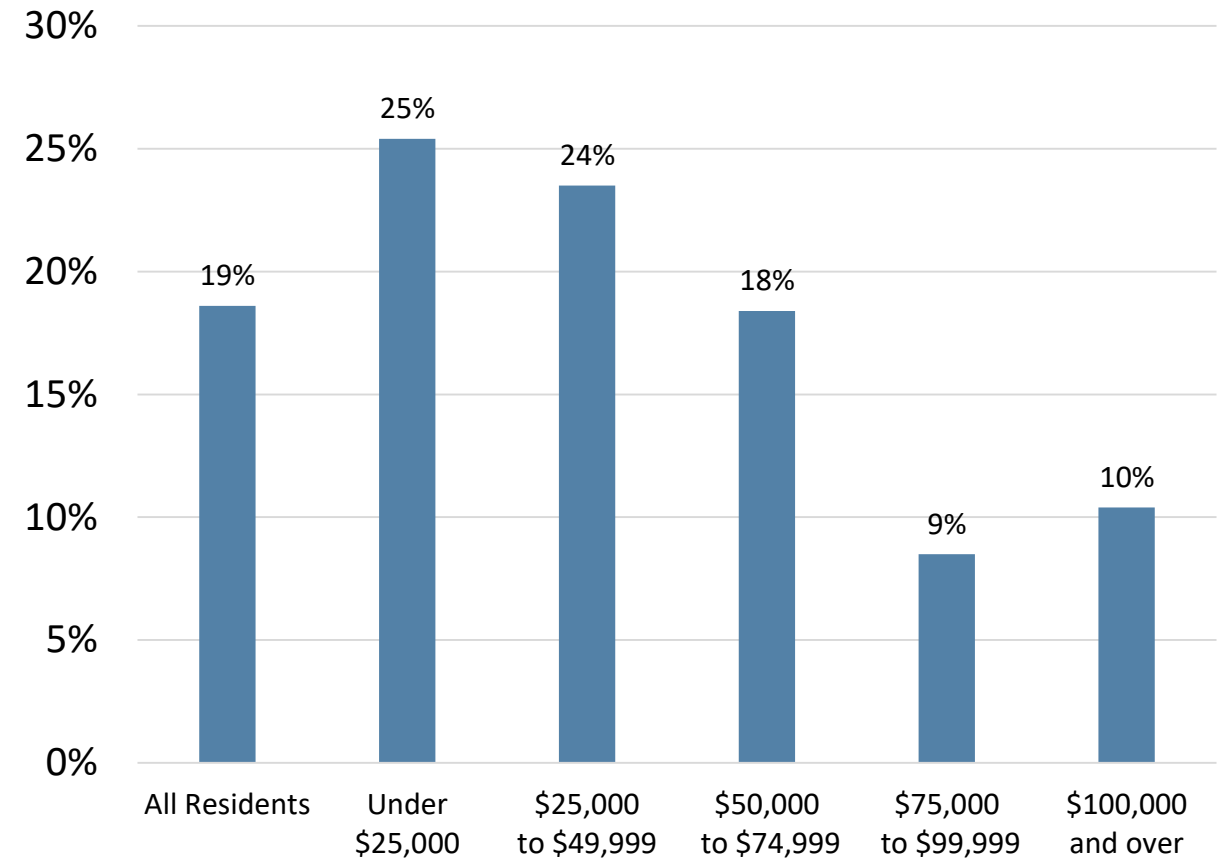
Community Health Council of Wyandotte County, 2016

Health Insurance Coverage

Johnson County Uninsured Rates



Wyandotte County Uninsured Rates



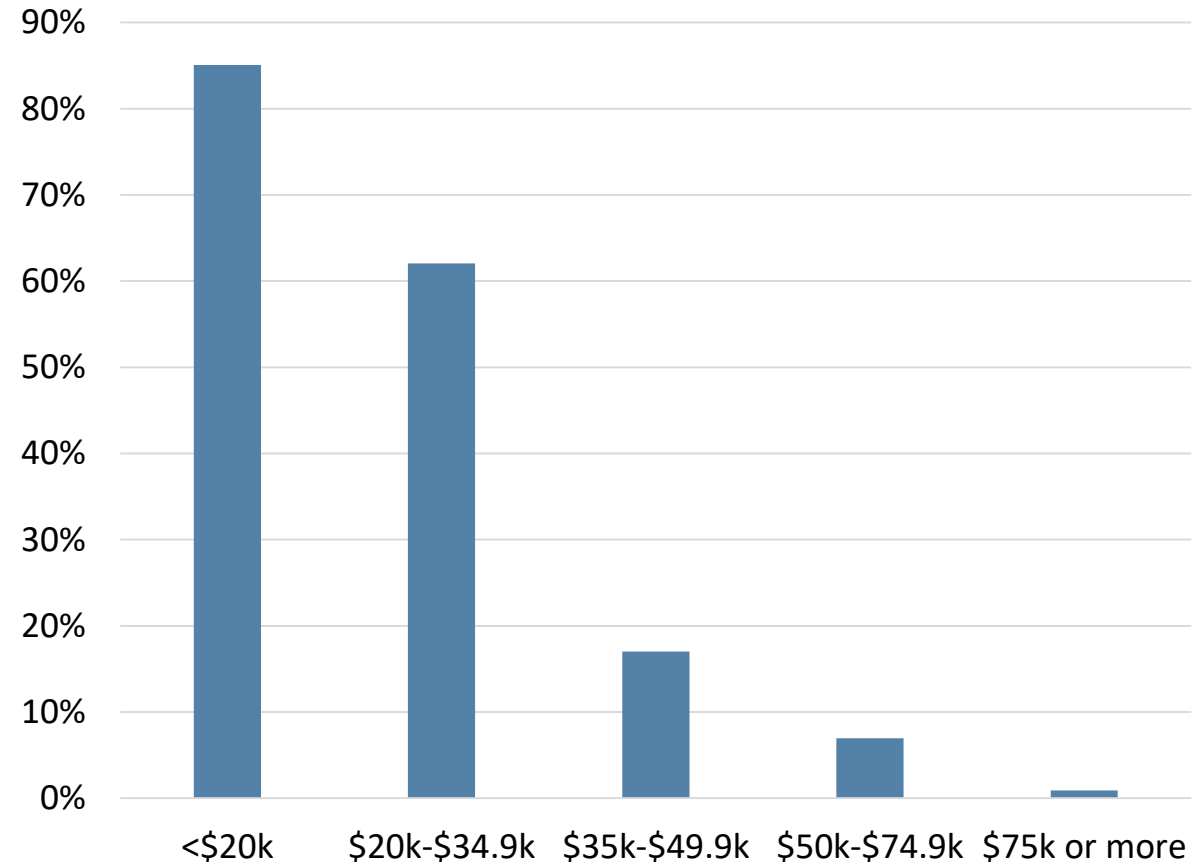
Note: Uninsured Rate in Kansas: 8.7%. Uninsured Rate in U.S.: 8.6%. Residents on the ACA Marketplace as of 2016: Johnson: 27,056, Wyandotte: 5,865

Affordable Housing - % of Housing Cost Burden

Johnson County



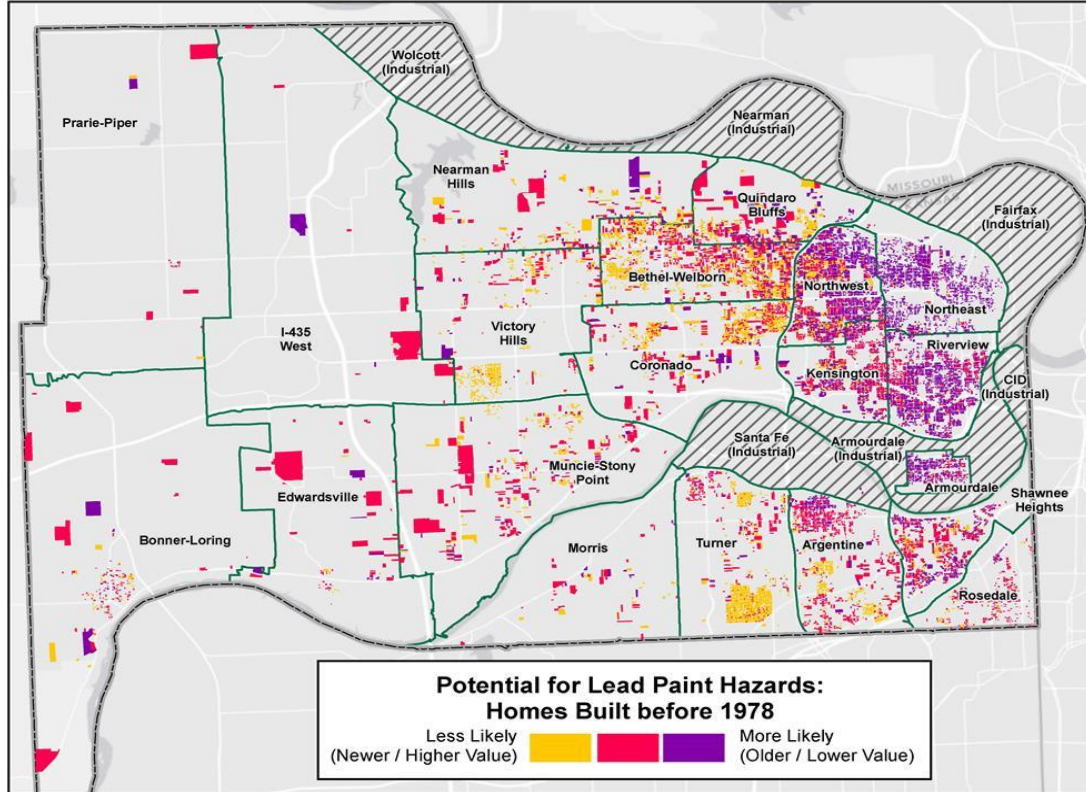
Wyandotte County



Note: The Census uses the term "cost burden" to indicate households that pay 30% or more of their income towards housing costs. Cost burden trends are an indicator of how housing affordability is keeping up with the cost of living. These graphs look at both renters and homes owners and their % of housing cost burden by income group. In Johnson County, 25% of residents are burdened by the cost of housing. In Wyandotte County, 31% of residents are cost burdened.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey 2016

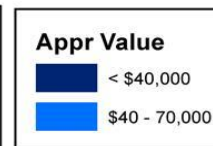
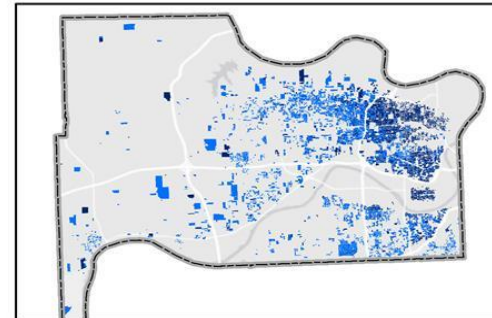
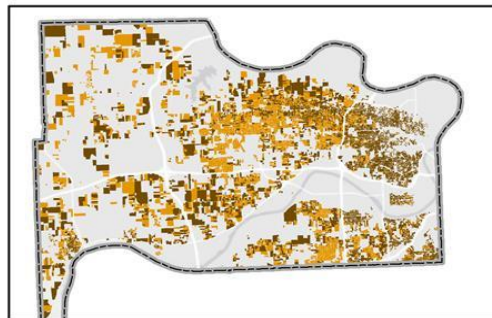
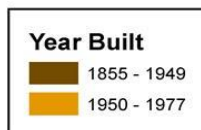
Safe Housing – Wyandotte County



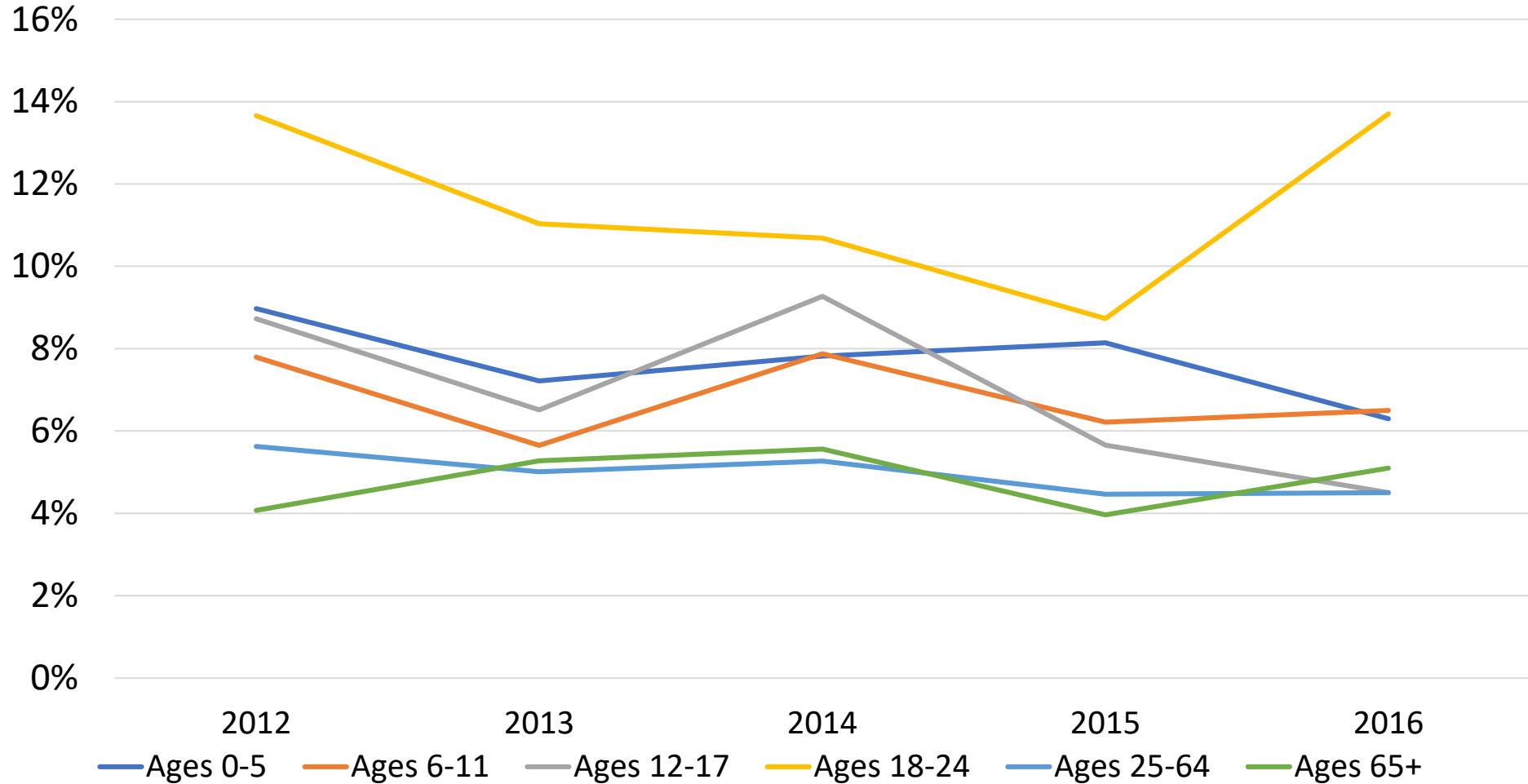
Wyandotte County Residential Properties Most Likely To Have Lead Paint Hazards, Based on Age of Structure and Total Appraised Value

Mean	\$83,609
1st Quartile	\$39,480
Median	\$69,620
3rd Quartile	\$108,500
Maximum	\$1,593,610
Total Parcels	49,837
At-Risk Parcels	24,626
% At-Risk Parcels	49.4%

Source: Residential Parcel Records, Appraiser's Office, Unified Government of Wyandotte County / Kansas City, KS, May 2015. Analysis by The Kirwan Institute.

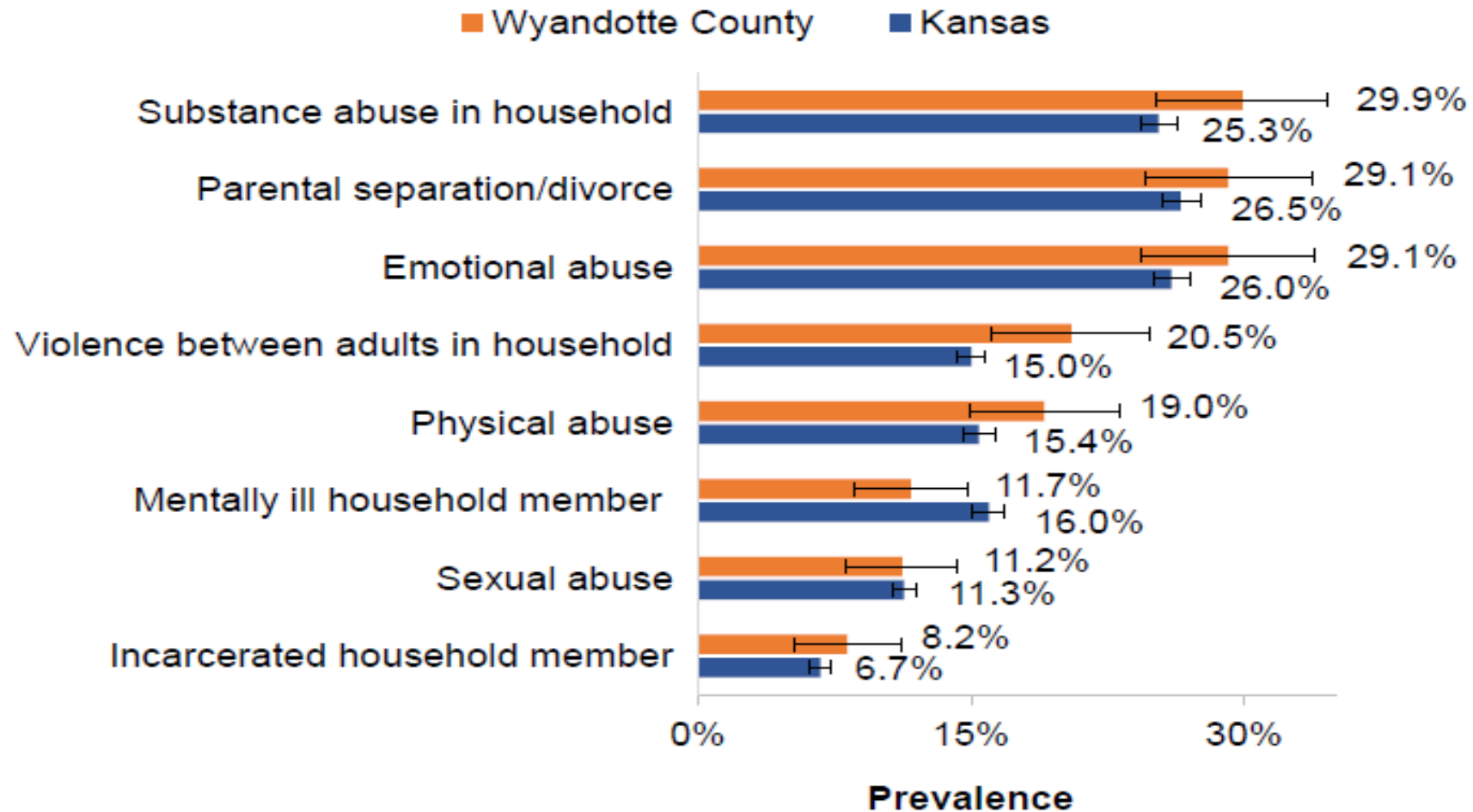


Transitional-Age Youth in Johnson County



Adverse Childhood Experiences (ACEs)

Note: Researchers have demonstrated a link between adverse childhood experiences (ACEs) of abuse, neglect and family dysfunction, and health status later in life. This may be explained in part by a toxic physiological stress response, such as elevated stress hormone levels, to multiple stressors, which may have damaging effects on a child's developing brain.

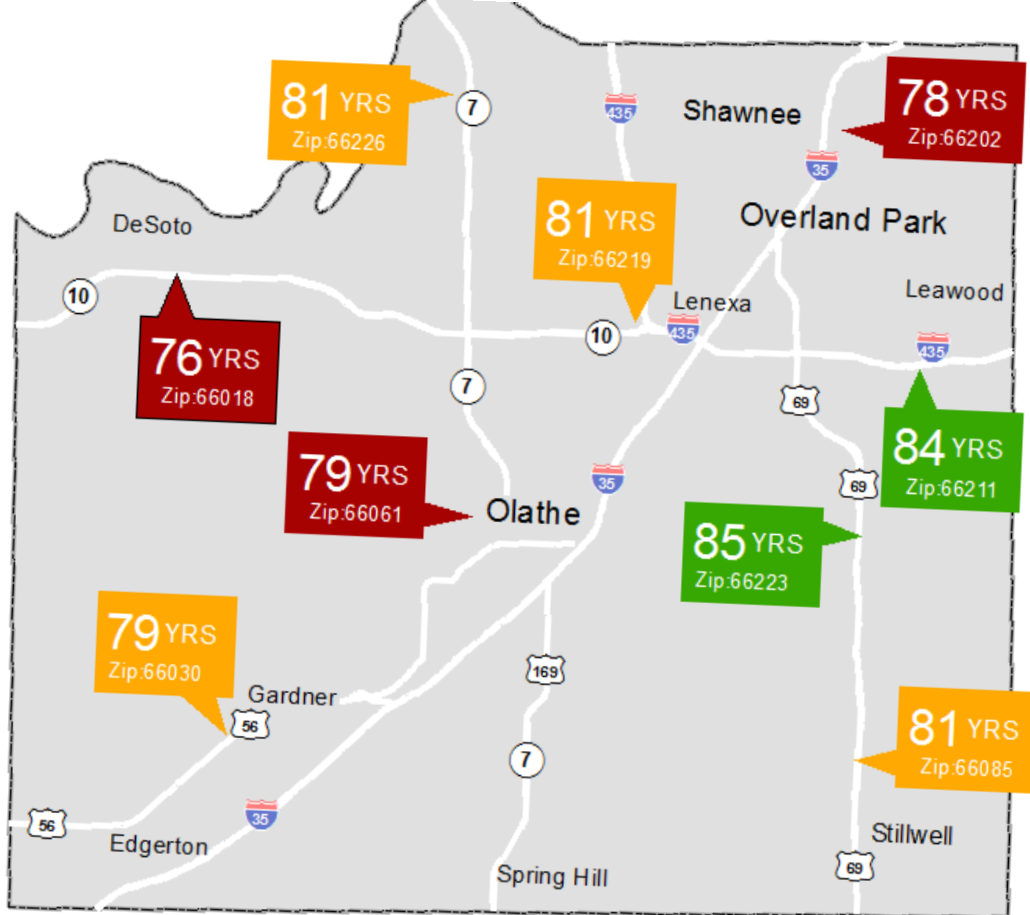


Source: 2014 Kansas Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, Bureau of Health Promotion, KDHE.

Life Expectancy/Average Age of Death

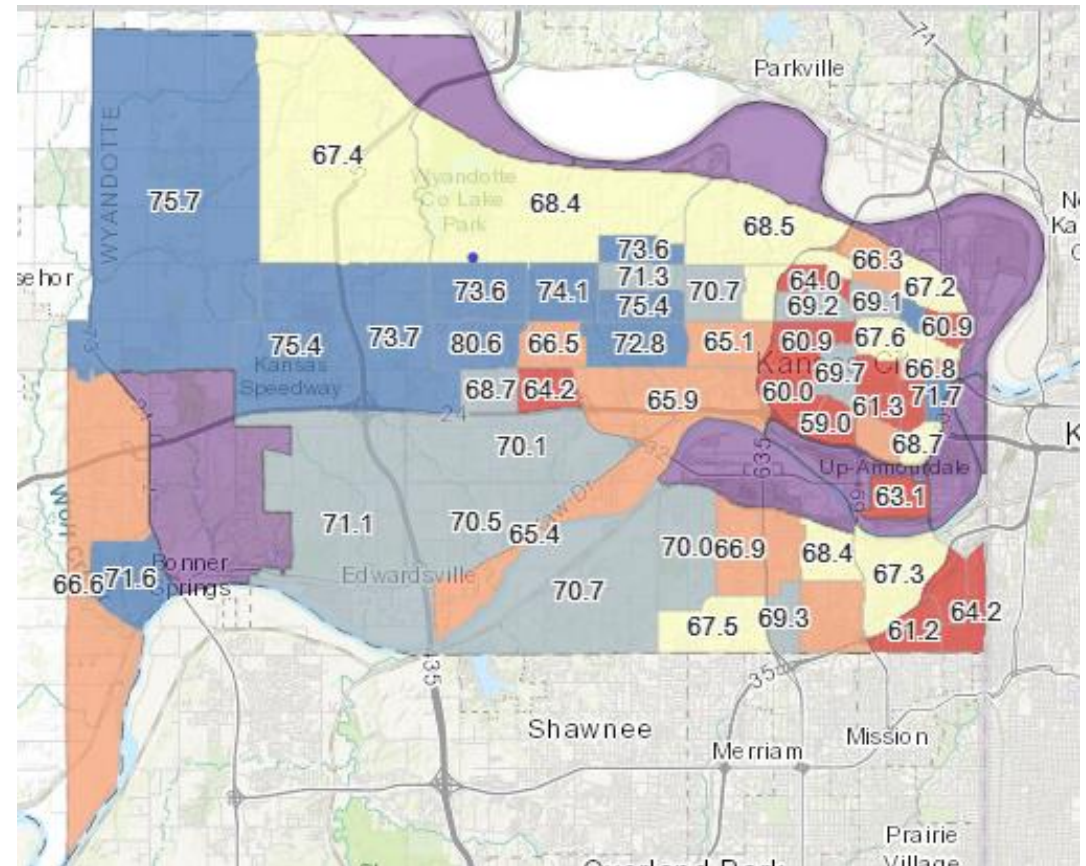
Johnson County

(Note: This slide depicts life expectancy)



Wyandotte County

(Note: this slide depicts the average age of death)





Equality

Equality = Everyone gets the same resources (Everyone may have the same foundation – but not the same result)

Equity = Everyone gets the combinations of resources they need to get an equal result

Note: Striving for equity as we can see in this illustration does not diminish anyone

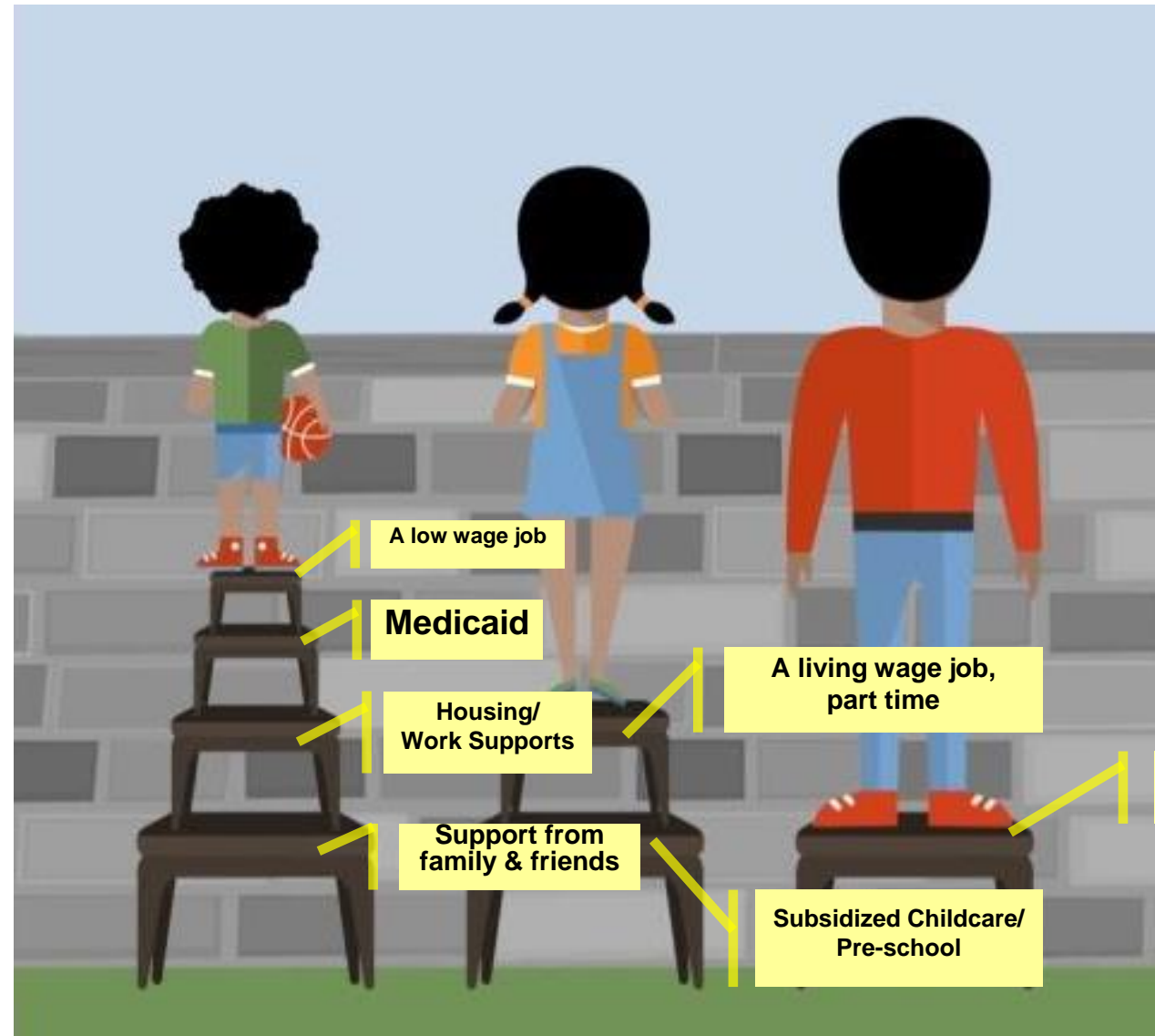


Equity

Health Equity

Note:

- Supporting others diminishes no one
- In a picture of Equity: the benches might have different functions
- Equitable opportunity means having a fair chance to lead the healthiest life possible by addressing key drivers of health such as education, employment and housing. But a fair chance does not mean offering everyone the same resources or opportunities; it means offering the resources necessary for everyone to be their healthiest
- Questions to ask as we work to address Health Equity Issues:
 - How has our community's picture of equality vs. equity changed over time?
 - How can we work together to offer everyone that "bench or stool" that is right from them?
 - What strategies are currently being pursued at the state or local levels that can help to close health gaps?
 - How would all of our community benefit when people have the right "bench or stool supports"? – In other words What is the Intended Impact we wanted when writing policy?





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Kansas Public Policy Forum

David Adkins
CSG Executive Director/CEO

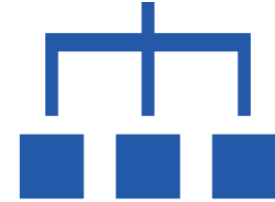
About CSG



Founded 1933



Nonpartisan



Three Branches



Lexington, KY



Regional/DC Offices

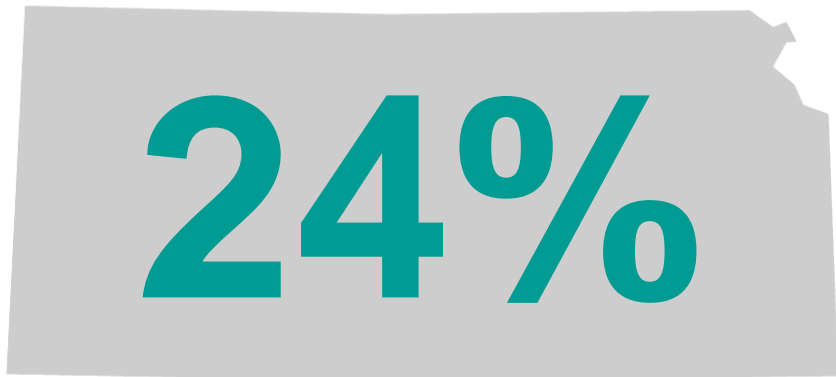


Justice Center

Federal Funding

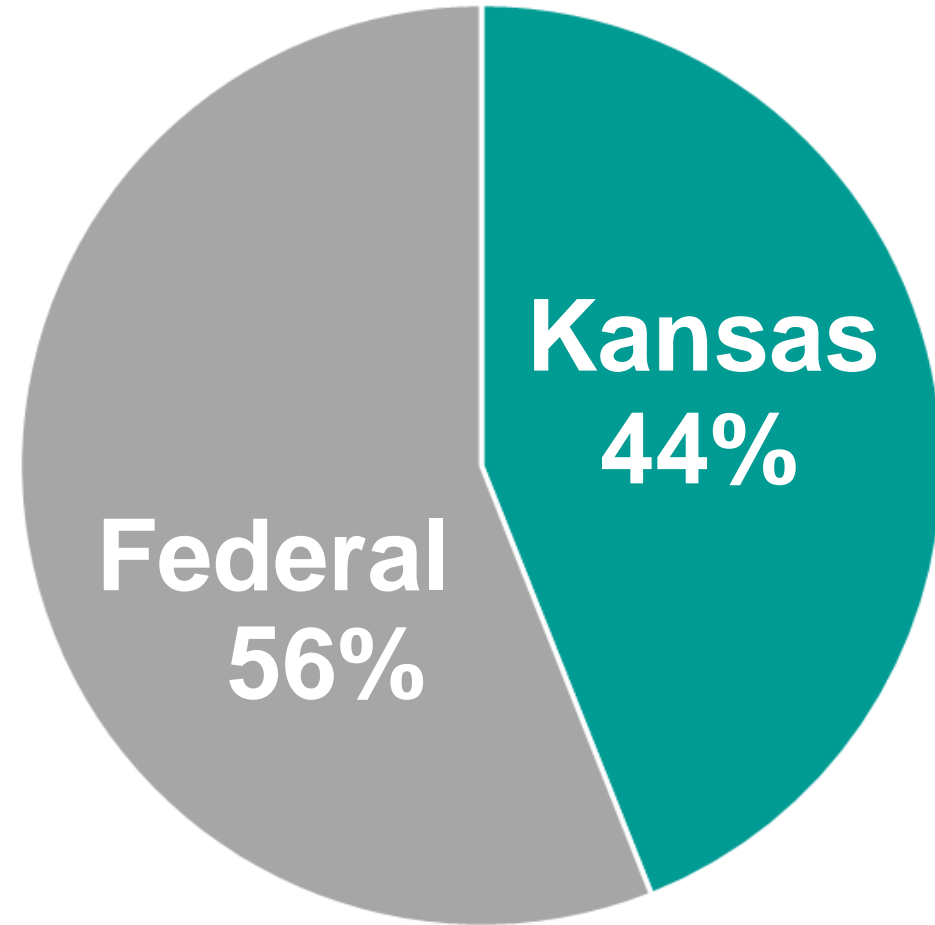
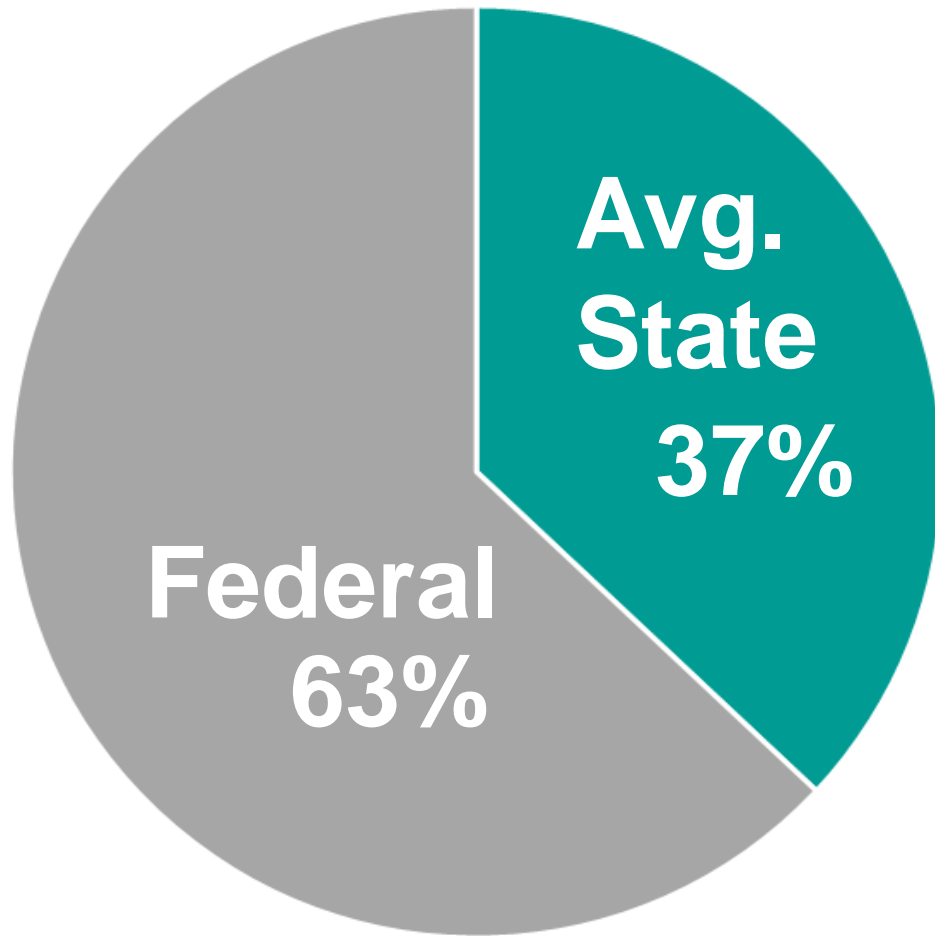


Average percent of state budgets derived from federal spending



Percent of 2015 Kansas budget derived from federal spending

Federal & State Share of Medicaid Spending, FY 2016



National Debt: \$20.53 trillion

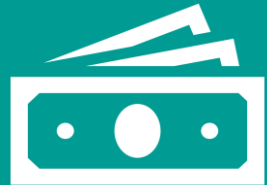
\$62,920
Debt per capita



\$276
billion



Estimated
FY2017 net
interest
payments

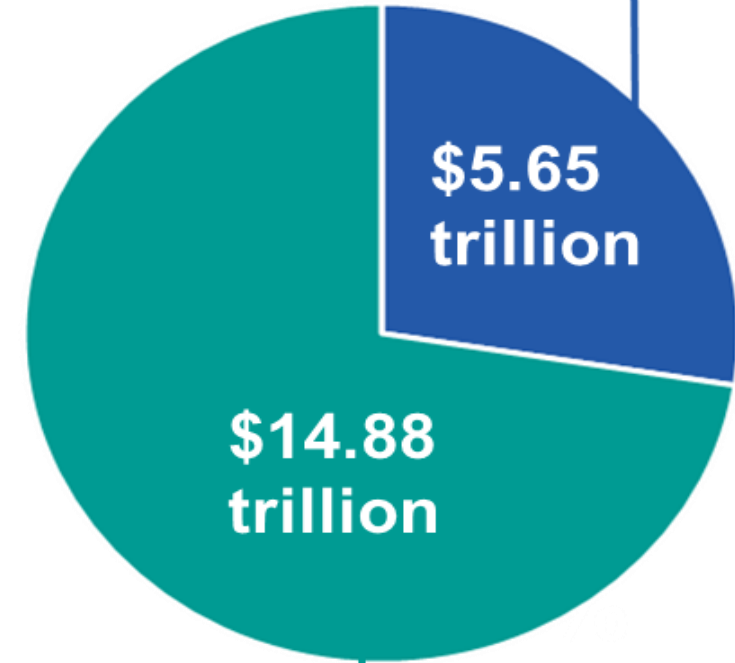


105%
of GDP

5.4 X the federal budget



Debt held by the public



Intragovernmental holdings



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Source: U.S. Treasury Department

Interest on Debt

Interest payments as % of federal outlays	Estimated interest payments FY2017	Interest payments per capita
6.8%	\$276.2 billion	\$846.36

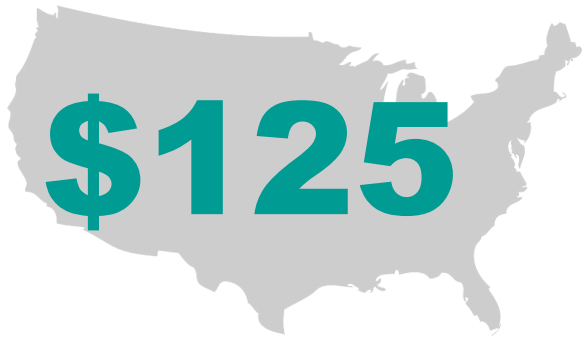


Total FY2015 federal transfers to the states: **\$3.4 trillion**



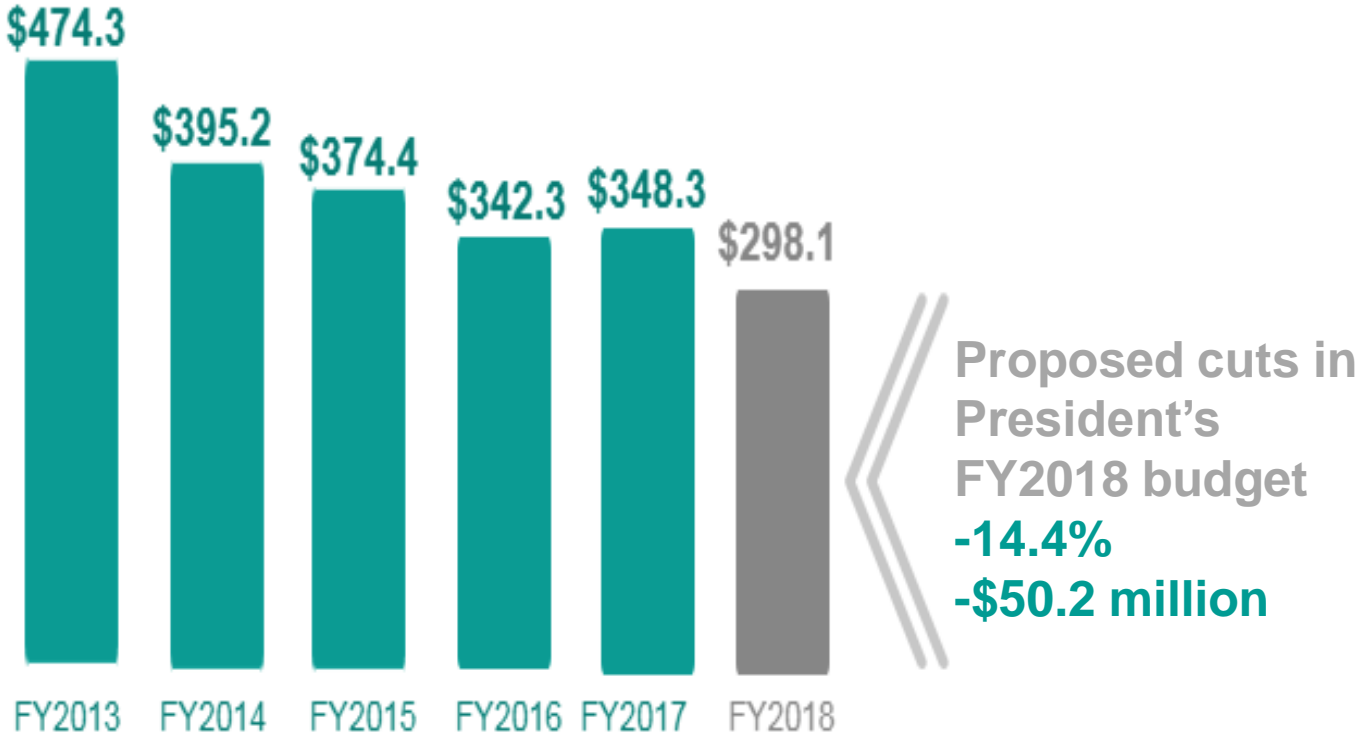
Total FY2015 federal transfers to Kansas: **\$28.4 billion**

SNAP Benefits



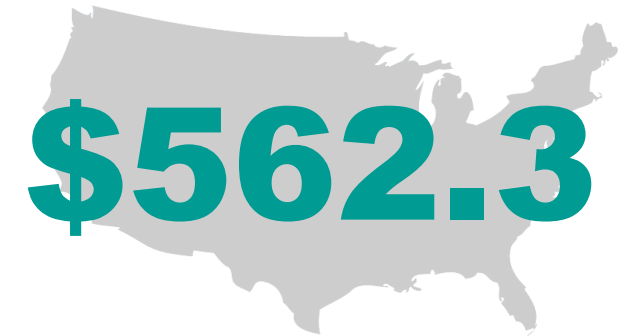
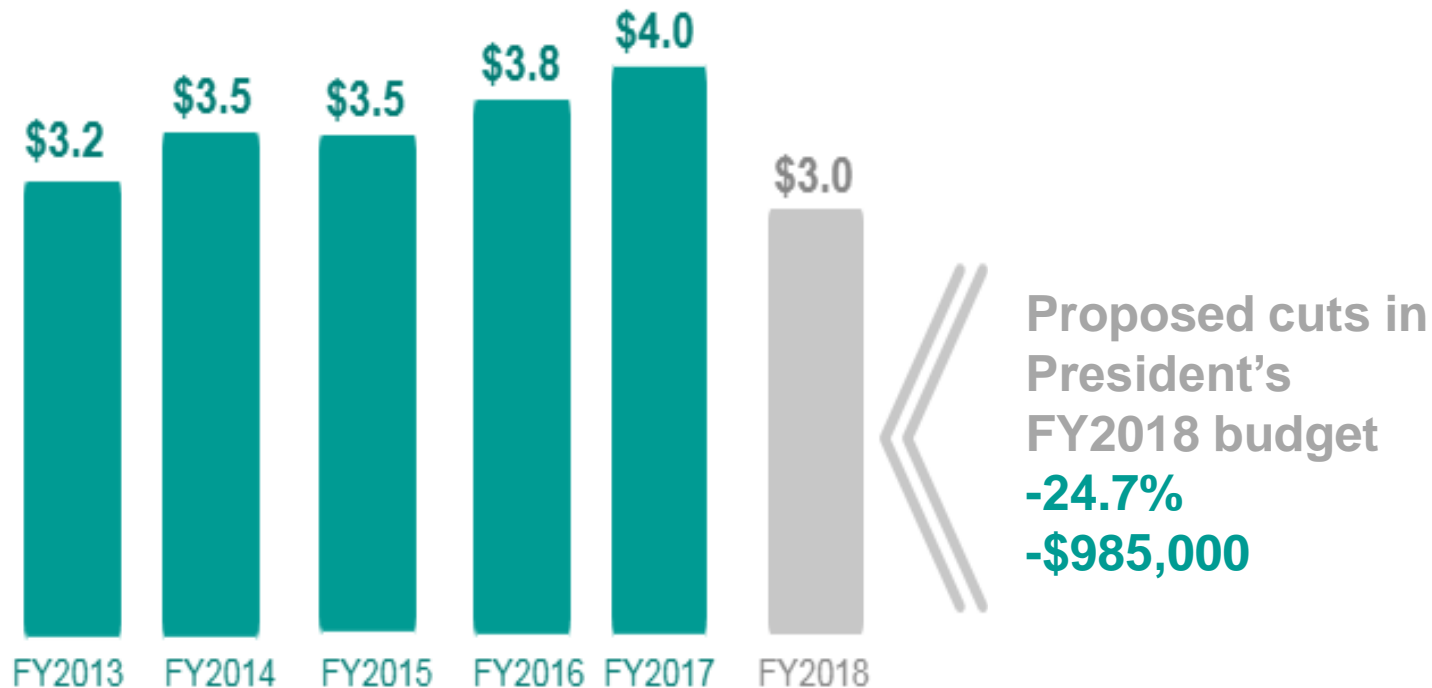
Amount average SNAP beneficiary receives per month

SNAP SPENDING IN KANSAS (\$ millions)



Mental Health Block Grants

MENTAL HEALTH BLOCK GRANT SPENDING IN KANSAS (\$ millions)



FY2017 funding in millions

Low Income Energy Assistance



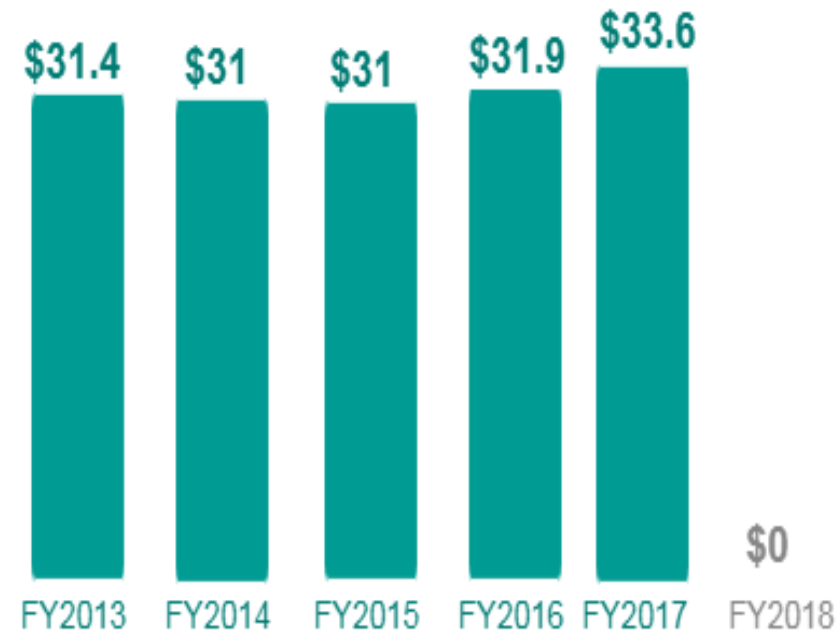
\$3.4 billion



\$33.6 million

FY2017 funding

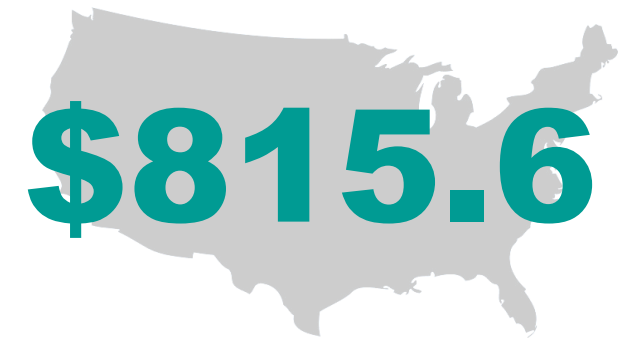
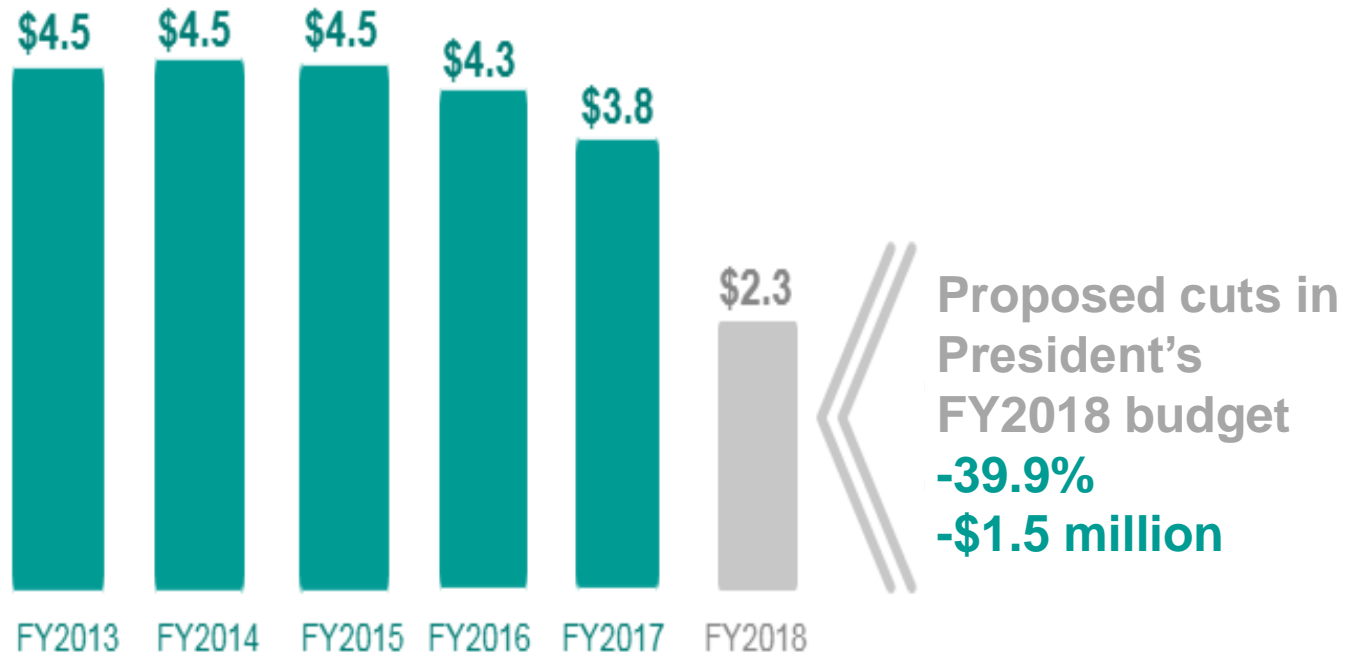
LIHEAP SPENDING IN KANSAS (\$ millions)



Proposed cuts in President's FY2018 budget
-100%
-\$33.6 million

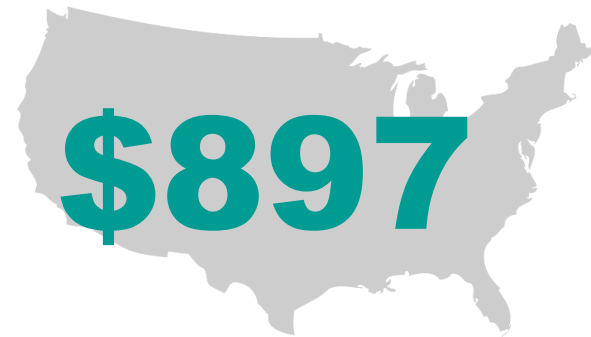
WIOA Programs – Adult Training

WIOA ADULT TRAINING SPENDING IN KANSAS (\$ millions)



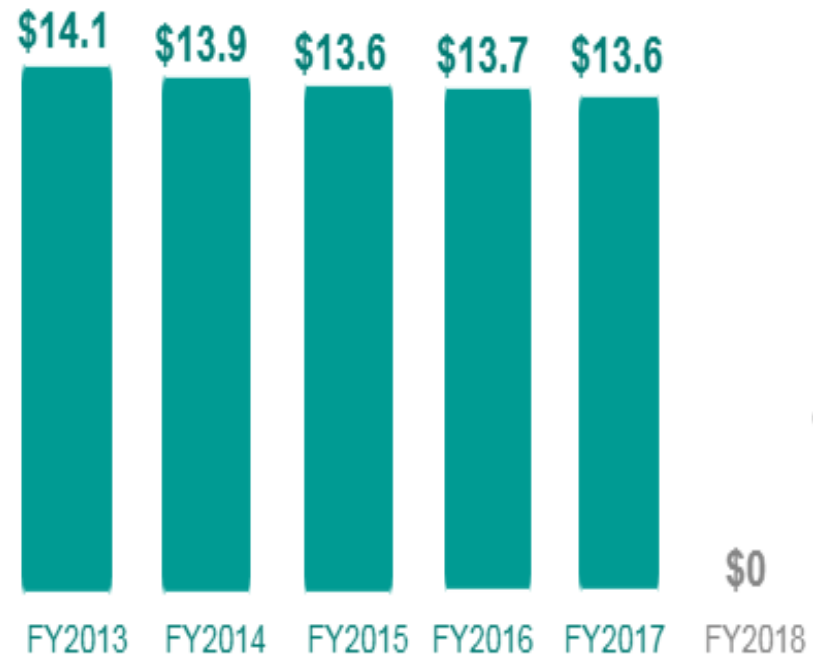
FY2017 funding in millions

Community Development Block Grants (state funding)



FY2017 funding in millions

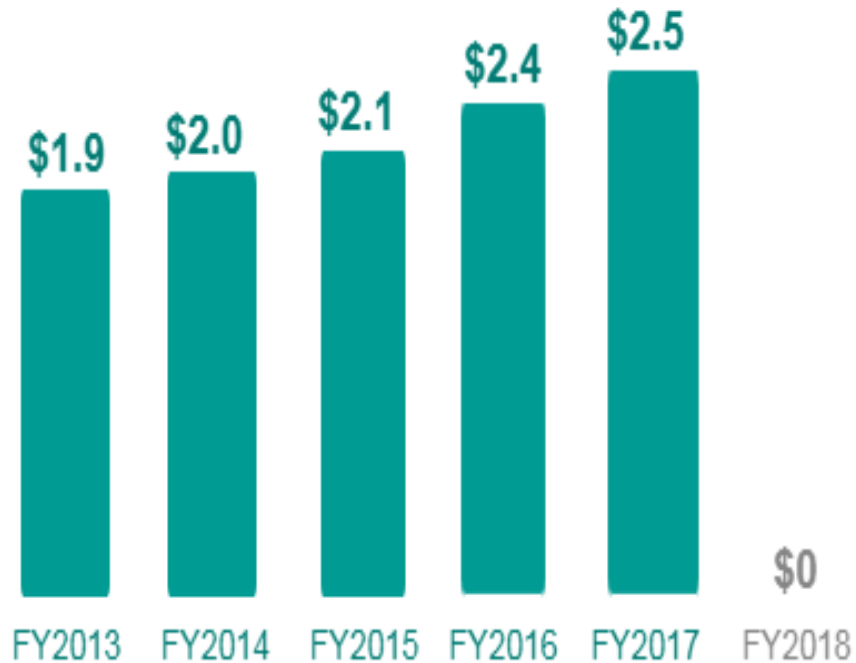
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT SPENDING IN KANSAS (\$ millions)



Proposed cuts in President's FY2018 budget
-100%
-\$13.7 million

Weatherization Assistance

WEATHERIZATION ASSISTANCE SPENDING IN KANSAS (\$ millions)



Proposed cuts in President's FY2018 budget
-100%
-\$2.5 million



FY2017 funding in millions



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