

## 2022 ATF Funding Priorities

By legislative mandate (KSA §79-41a04-as amended), ATF dollars must be used to fund services or programs whose principal purpose is substance abuse education, prevention, detoxification, intervention and/or treatment. For the purpose of this application, education, prevention, intervention, and treatment programs are generally defined as:

- Education and Prevention programs are designed to promote awareness and self-efficacy, and provide information, activities, and skill building to prevent problems with, or addiction to, alcohol and/or drugs.
- Intervention programs are designed to interrupt alcohol and/or drug use, and may include activities applied during early stages of drug use which encompass preventing the transition from drug use to abuse.
- Substance Use Disorder Treatment programs are licensed by the State of Kansas to provide substance use disorder treatment services, and are designed to assist clients with stopping use of alcohol and drugs and avoiding relapse.

### \*Overall priority is given to:

1. Programs that target populations who are at-risk for substance use or abuse such as individuals who have mental health issues, individuals who are homeless and/or have other co-occurring issues, and individuals involved in the child welfare or criminal justice system.
2. Programs that address barriers to service including hours of operation, transportation, lack of care for children of parents seeking services, and physical location.
3. If fees are charged for services, there are accommodations for those clients with no ability, or limited ability, to pay the fees (such as a sliding fee scale based upon income).
4. Programs that demonstrate competency in addressing language and cultural barriers, and provide bi-lingual services in high demand languages, such as Spanish.
5. Programs that provide services to meet a current community need (defined through indicator data or *Kansas Communities That Care* survey trends).
6. Programs that demonstrate an awareness of the role of trauma in prevention and treatment of substance use and utilize a trauma informed care approach in delivery of services.
7. Programs that are evidence-based or reflect a best or promising practice and include measures to ensure fidelity.
8. Programs that utilize measurable outcome data to improve service delivery.
9. Strategies and services that involve families, parents, guardians, and/or other support systems.
10. Programs that demonstrate through service delivery, competency in addressing the interrelationship between substance use/abuse and other risk factors as defined above in priority number one.

\*Priorities for Education and Prevention Programs include:

1. Strategies that seek to delay onset of first use of substances.
2. Programs that target use of gateway drugs and address new trends in drug use across all age groups.
3. Programs that utilize *Risk and Protective Factors* strategies.

\*Priorities for Treatment and Intervention Programs include:

1. Programs that provide effective treatment strategies for individuals with co-occurring substance use and mental health disorders.
2. Programs that serve targeted populations with early intervention strategies.
3. Programs that collaborate with other organizations and sectors and provide linkage to community supports.
4. Programs that incorporate Recovery Oriented Systems of Care (ROSC) which sustain and support recovery, including but not limited to providing peer support, housing, case management, and/or to linkages to recovery communities and activities.

*\* Numbering of priorities does not indicate one is more important than another.*

*Approved by Drug and Alcoholism Council  
November 18, 2020*