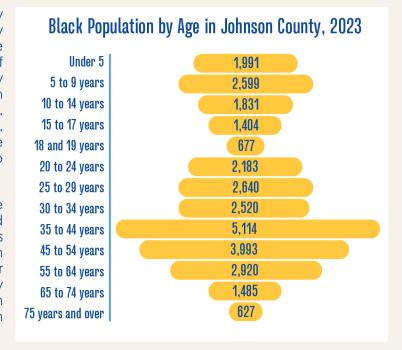


A Profile of Black Johnson County Residents

This profile of Black residents in Johnson County provides a snapshot of some of the key determinants of health and well-being within the county's Black community. Out of a history of residential segregation that built the suburbs, today approximately 30,000 Black residents call Johnson County home, according to estimates from the U.S. Census Bureau's American Community Survey. Black residents of all ages comprise 5% of the Johnson County population. The largest age group of Black Johnson County residents are aged 35-44.

The Johnson County landscape was drawn in the early-20th century when federally sanctioned segregation in home loans and housing choices restricted Black families from building wealth through home ownership and seeking better opportunities for their children through quality public education. Those patterns of segregation continue to impact outcomes for Black families in Johnson County.





Homeownership is the primary mechanism by which families build generational wealth. Today, **28%** of Black households are homeowners, and Black Homeowners represent just **1.9%** of all homeowners in Johnson County.



The median household income among Black households is \$71,801, lower than the median income for White households (\$111,036).



More than 11% of Black residents are uninsured (compared to the 5% uninsured rate of the overall Johnson County population).



Nearly 2 in 5 Black residents (39%) have earned a bachelor's degree or higher, with a higher rate of educational attainment among Black women (46.3%) than Black men (31.1%).



The labor force participation rate for Black residents is **73.5**%, with an unemployment rate of **6.2**%.